



ESR 5: Analysis of Compounds Promiscuity based on a Bioassay Ontology

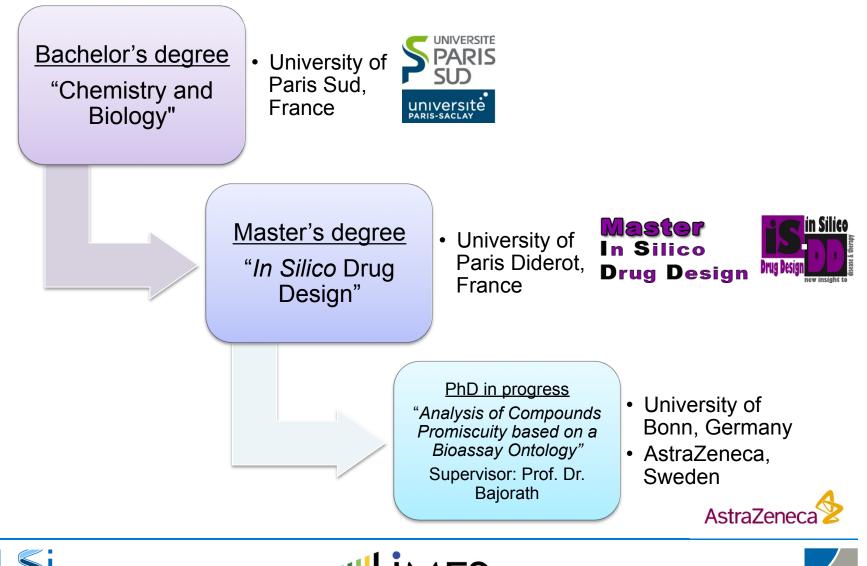
Laurianne David Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Jürgen Bajorath B-IT Life Science Informatics Rheinische Friedrich-Wilhelms-University Bonn







Background



b-it Life Science Informatics



UNIVERSITÄT BONN

Training Experiences



Bigchem

- Online lectures on various topics related to drug discovery
- First Bigchem School "Introduction to Chemoinformatics" hold in Helmholtz Zentrum Munich
- Second Bigchem School "Chemical databases" hold in Barcelona



University of Bonn

- Bridging courses in chemistry
- German course (level A1)
- B-IT Lecture Series
- Computational Chemogenomics Workshop
- Attendance to the thesis defenses of Dr. Shilva Kayastha and Dr. Antonio De la Vega de Leon











Systematic Evaluation of Analog Series containing Promiscuous Compounds

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Introduction

- Target identification is a major topic in medicinal chemistry and chemogenomics
- New target hypotheses for compounds (CPDs) can be inferred from ligand structural similarity
- Analog series (ASs) are series of CPDs generated on the basis of the matched molecular pair (MMP) formalism
- Promiscuous CPDs interact with multiple biological targets

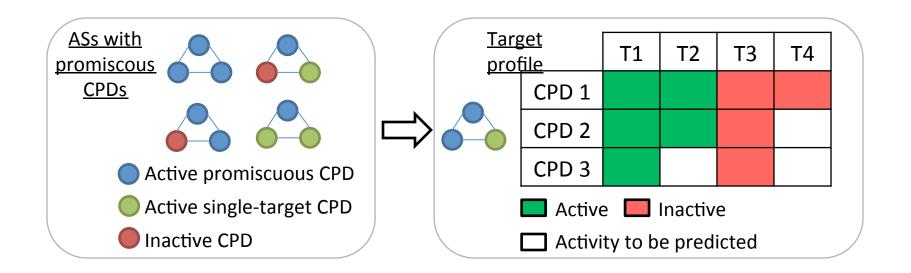






Aim of the Study

- Investigate the potential of ASs containing promiscuous CPDs for target identification
- Derive new target hypotheses for analogs









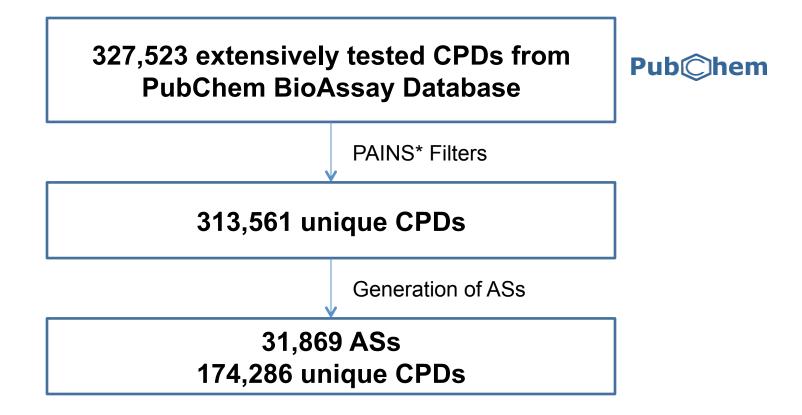




Data Selection



Data Selection



* Pan-Assay Interference Compounds

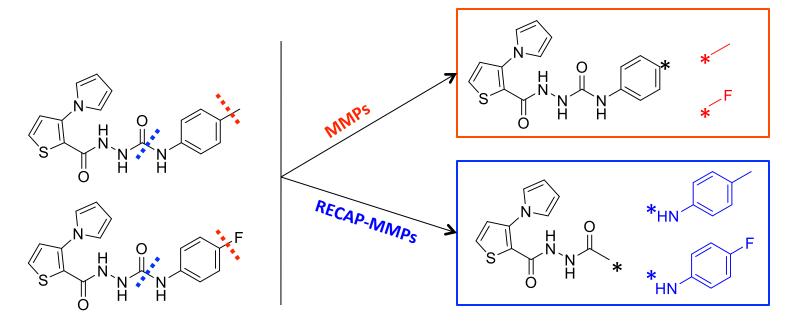
Small molecule, contained as substructure in a larger compound, presenting reactivity or other liability







Matched Molecular Pairs (MMPs) and RECAP-MMPs*



MMPs

RECAP-MMPs*

Pairs of CPDs that differ by a structural change at a single point

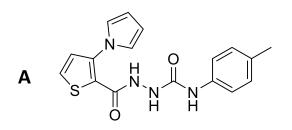
- Compounds are not related by chemical reactions
- The structural change is based on a specific chemical reaction
- * Retrosynthetic Combinatorial Analysis Procedure







All pairwise RECAP-MMP relationships for one compound

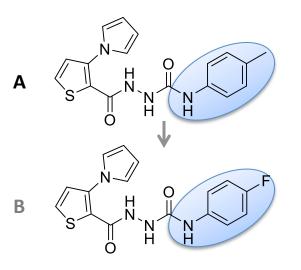








All pairwise RECAP-MMP relationships for one compound

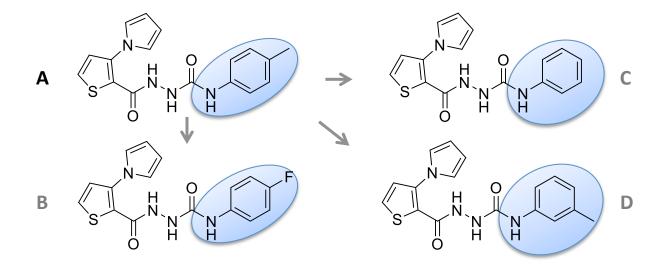








All pairwise RECAP-MMP relationships for one compound

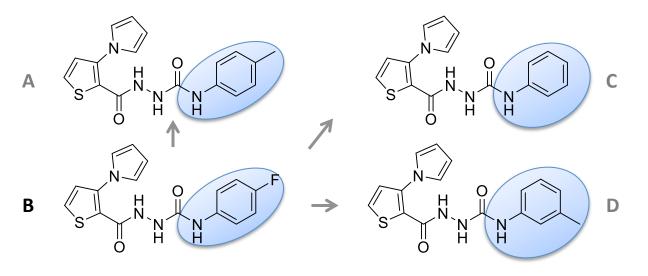








 All pairwise RECAP-MMP relationships for one compound and all its neighbors

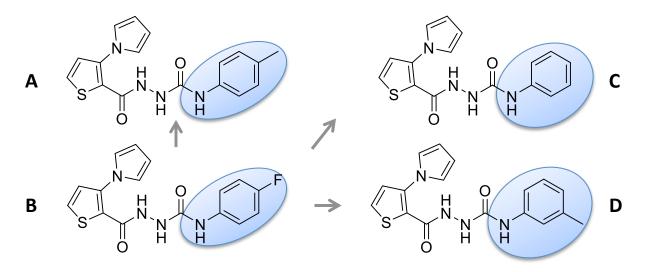








 All pairwise RECAP-MMP relationships for one compound and all its neighbors



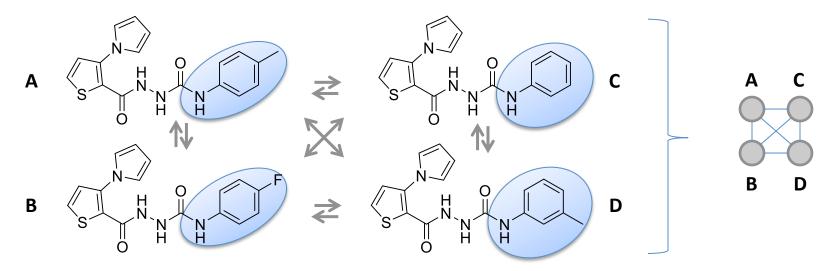
 Systematic analog search until no additional analog compounds are detected







 All pairwise RECAP-MMP relationships for one compound and all its neighbors



 Systematic analog search until no additional analog compounds are detected







- Classification of analogs within one AS
 - Analogs are classified following their target annotations

CPD type	# Active target
Inactive	0
Single-target	1
Multi-target	> 1



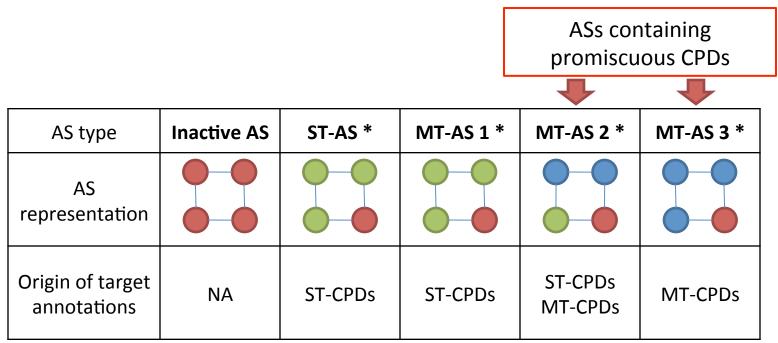
- Inactive CPDSingle-target compound (ST-CPD)
- Multi-target compound (MT-CPD)







Classification of Analog Series (ASs)



* Inactive compounds are not present in every AS



- Single-target compound (ST-CPD)
- Multi-target compound (MT-CPD)







Summary

- 54% of the ASs contained multi-targets annotations based partly on promiscuous compounds
- Can we verify that there is a relation between the structure of the analogs and their activities?
- Can we use ASs to make reliable target predictions?



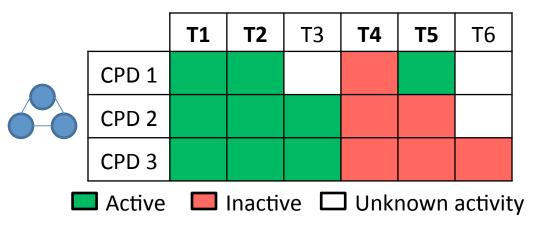








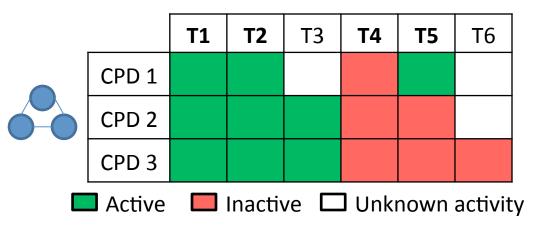










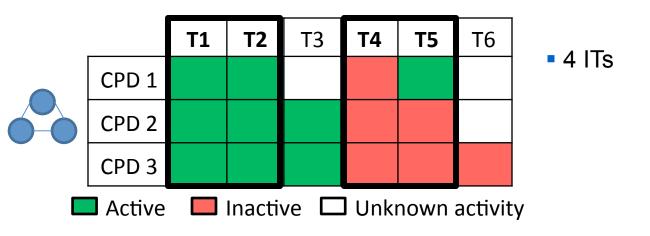


- 1) identify intersecting targets (ITs)
 - ITs are targets on which all the analogs in the series are annotated







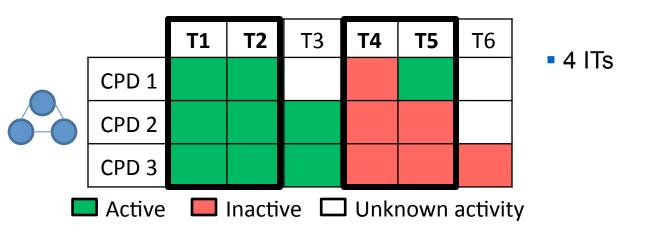


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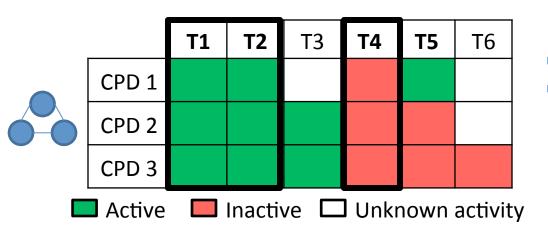


- 1) identify intersecting targets (ITs)
- 2) assess the activity consistency
 - Identify ITs with consistent activity amongst all the compounds in each series









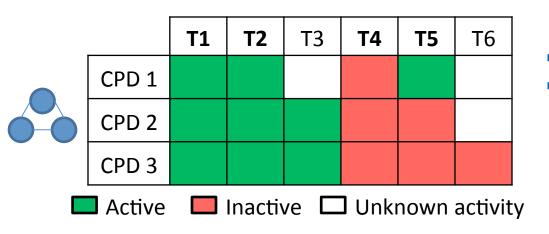
4 ITs3 ITs with consistent activity

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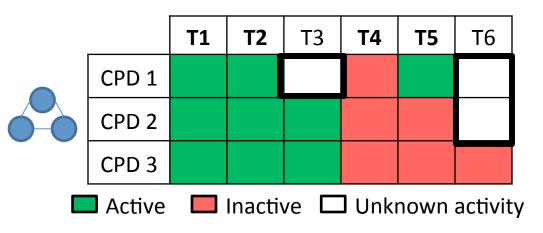
4 ITs3 ITs with consistent activity

- 1) identify intersecting targets (ITs)
- 2) assess the activity consistency
- 3) derive new target hypotheses for analogs









4 ITs

- 3 ITs with consistent activity
- 3 predictions of compoundtarget interactions

- 1) identify intersecting targets (ITs)
- 2) assess the activity consistency
- 3) derive new target hypotheses for analogs







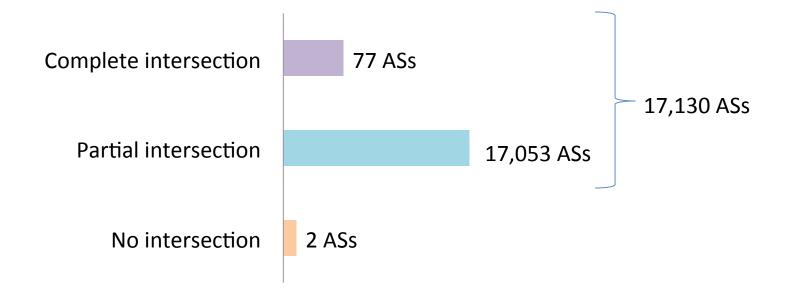




Results



Intersection of Targets in ASs



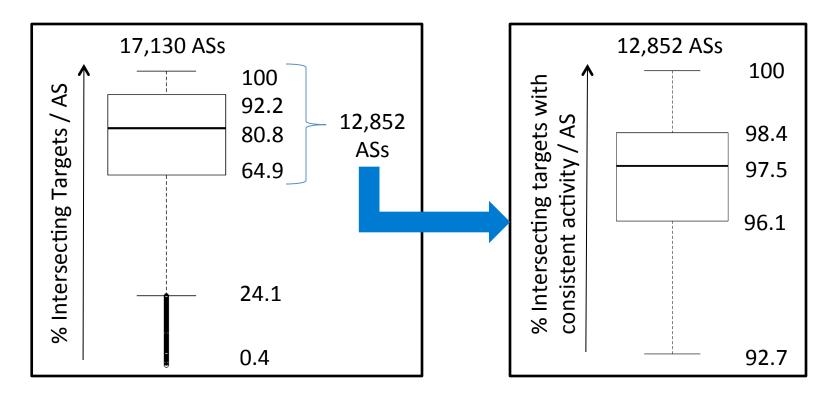
For partial intersection, is the number of ITs significant enough compared to the total number of targets?







ASs with Intersecting Targets



- ASs with low distribution of ITs were discarded
- 12,852 ASs with high number of ITs and an average of 97% ITs with consistent activity











Conclusion



Conclusion and Future work

- We investigated the potential of analog series containing promiscuous compounds for target identification
- 75% of ASs contained a significant number of intersecting targets with high activity consistency
- There is a correlation between the structure and the activity of the analogs
- ASs containing promiscuous CPDs are reliable tools for target predictions
- New target hypotheses will be suggested for analogs







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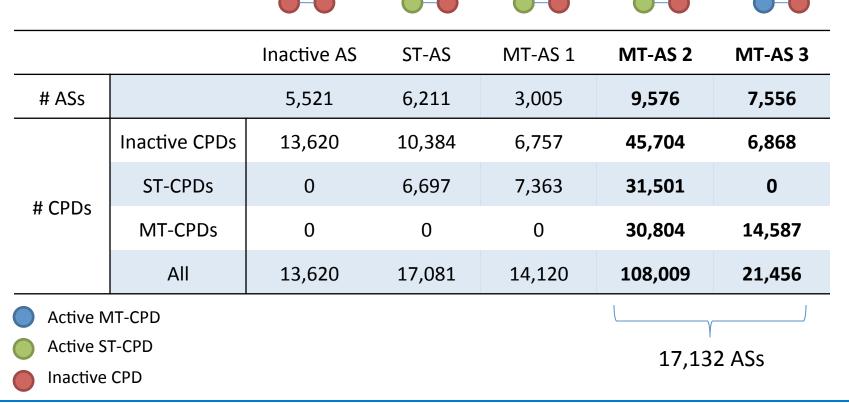


Appendixes





Distribution of Analog Series (ASs)









RECAP rules

