

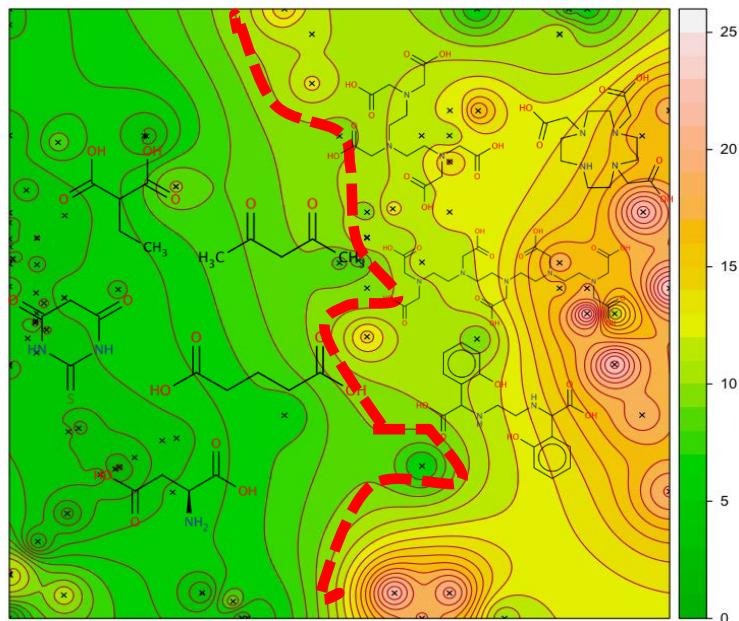
# UniStra activities within the *BigChem* project:

- **data visualization and modeling using GTM approach;**
- **chemical reactions mining with Condensed Graphs of Reactions**

*Alexandre Varnek*

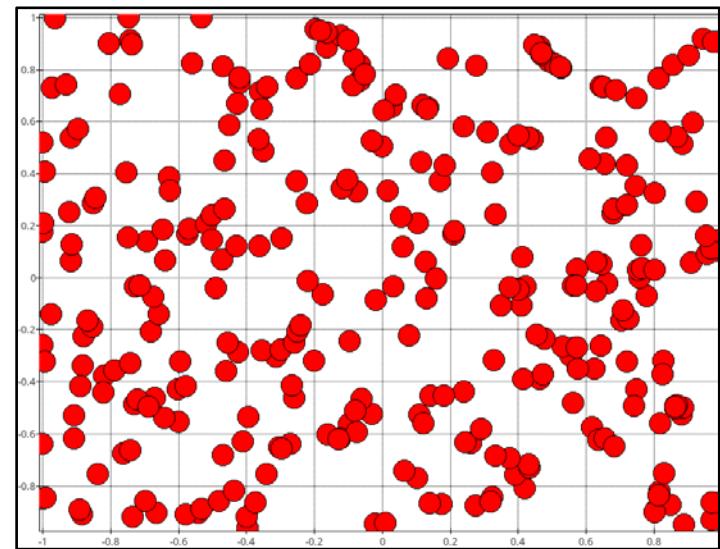
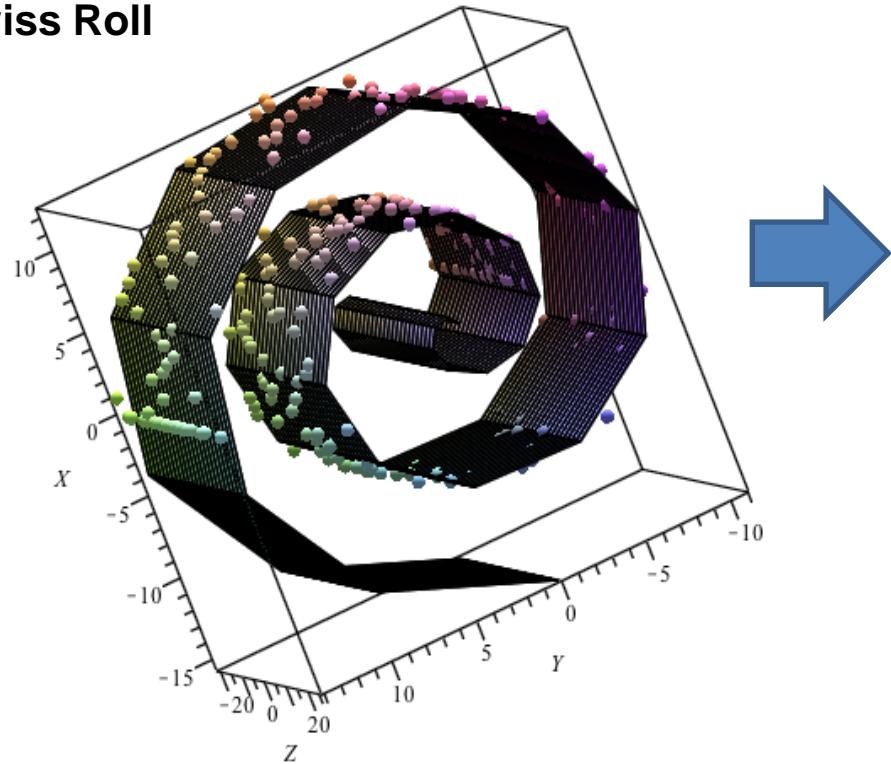
*Laboratory of Chemoinformatics, University of Strasbourg*

# Generative Topographic Mapping (GTM)



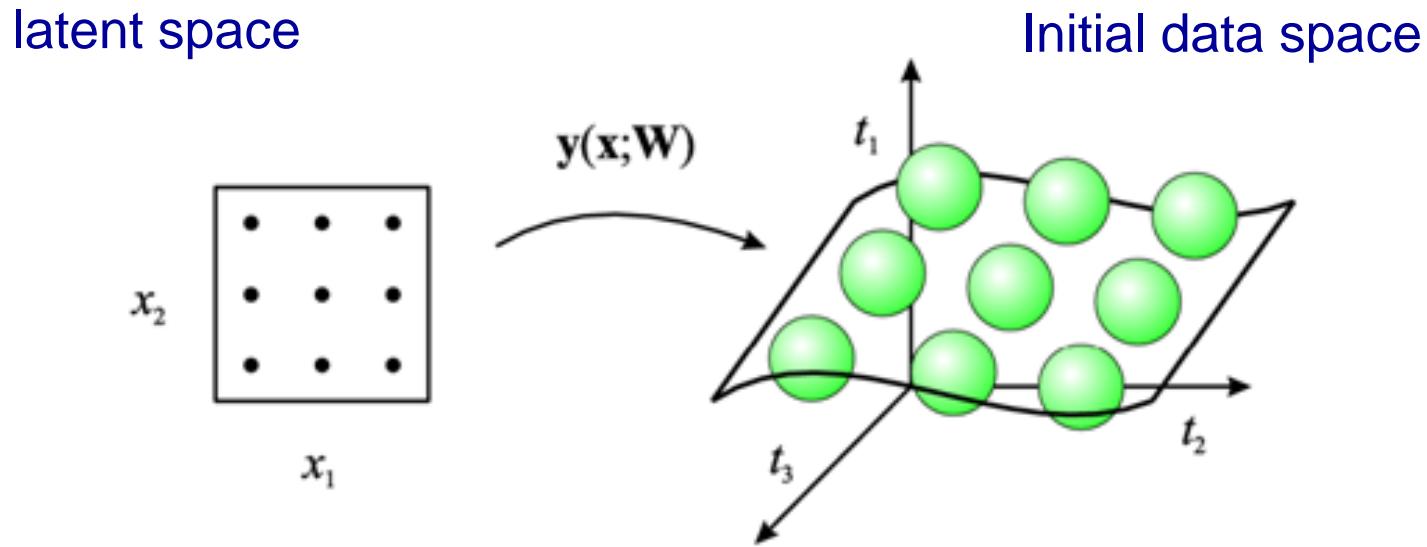
# Generative Topographic Mapping (GTM)

Swiss Roll



- GTM relates the latent space with a 2D “rubber sheet” (*manifold*) injected into the high-dimensional data space.
- The visualization plot is obtained by projecting the data points onto the manifold and then letting the “rubber sheet” relax to its original form.

# Generative Topographic Mapping (GTM)

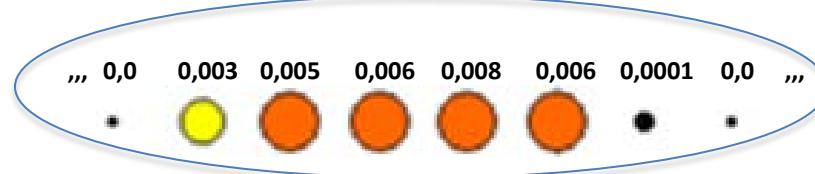
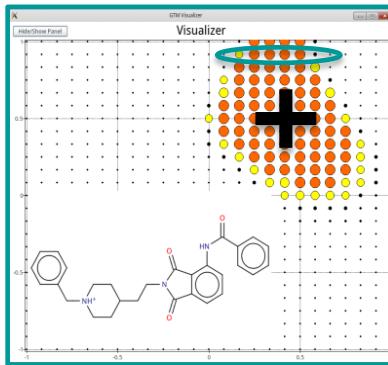


GTM generates a data probability distribution in ***both initial and latent data spaces***.

This opens an opportunity to use GTM not only to visualize the data but also for structure-property modeling tasks

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# GTM descriptors for molecules and datasets



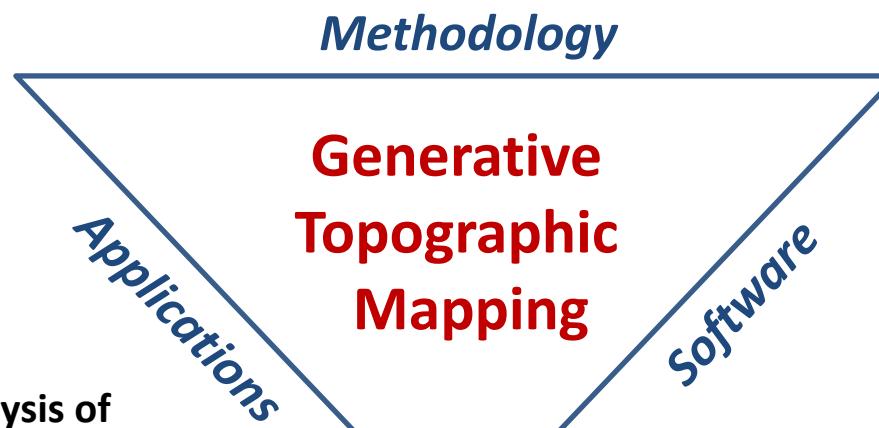
Map resolution:  $N_{nodes} = K^*K$

Standard setting:  $K = 25$ ,  $N_{grid} = 625$

**Molecule** → responsibilities' vector  $\{R_{tk}\}$  of  $N_{nodes}$  length

**Dataset** → normalized cumulated responsibilities' vector of  $N_{nodes}$  length

- 1. Chemical Space analysis**
  - 1.1 *Big Data* problem: visualization and analysis of large databases
  - 1.2 Concept of « universal » chemical spaces
- 2. Structure-property modeling**
  - 2.1 Individual classification and regression models
  - 2.2 Profiling models
  - 2.3 Applicability Domain of Models
- 3. In silico design**
  - 3.1 GTM Activity landscapes
  - 3.2 Chemical structures generation (« inverse » QSAR)



**4. Visualization and analysis of popular chemical databases:**  
ChEMBL, SuppliersDB, IUPAC stability constants DB ...

**6. New modules in the ISIDA package:**

- 7.1 ISIDA/GTM
- 7.2 Stargate GTM
- 7.3 On-line GTM tools

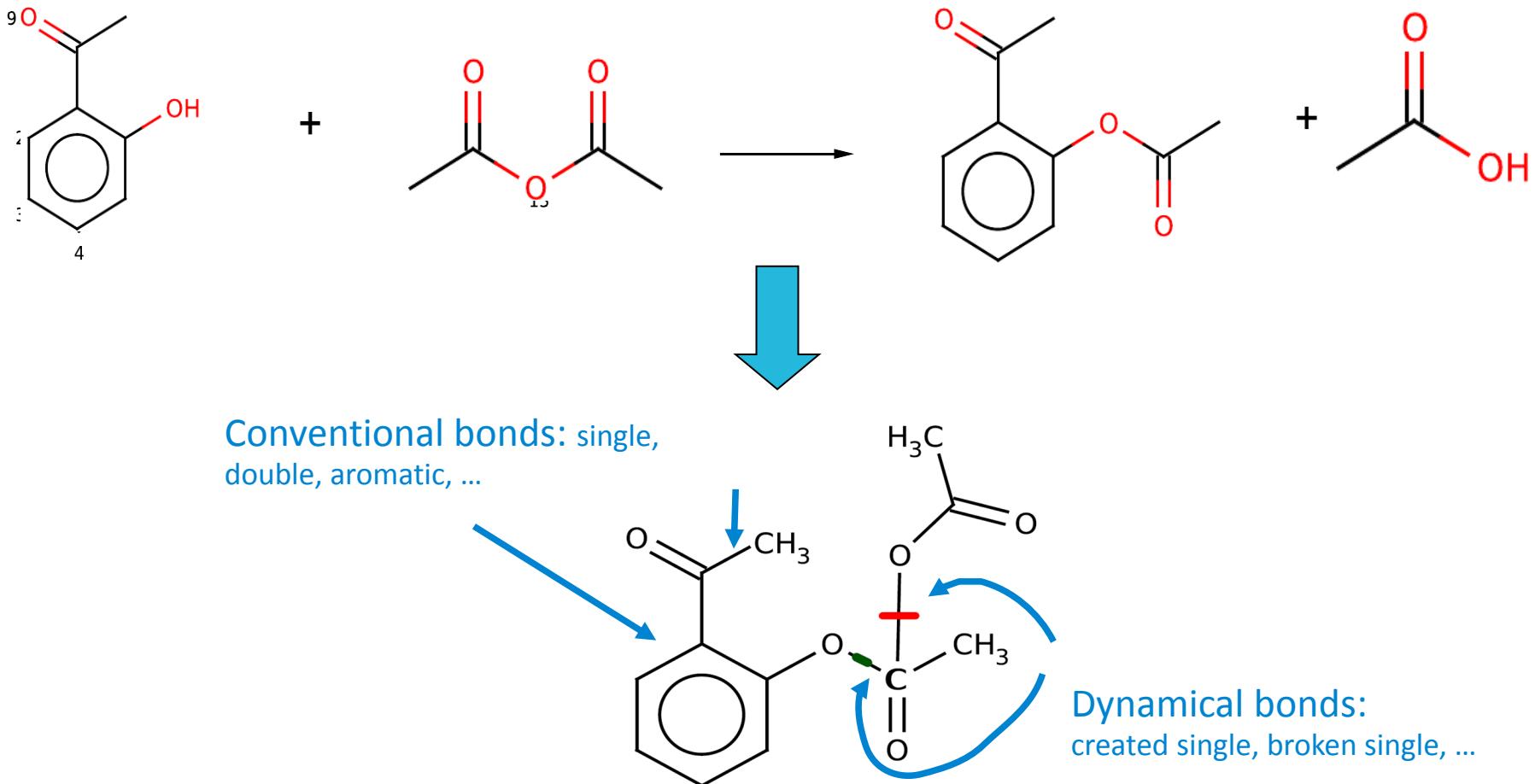
**5. Chemical Reactions Data visualization and analysis using the Condensed Graph of Reaction method**  
(see Figure 3)

## References

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- H Gaspar, II Baskin, G Marcou, D Horvath, A Varnek, GTM-Based QSAR Models and Their Applicability Domains, *Mol. Informatics*, 2015, DOI: 10.1002/minf.201400153
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- P. Sidorov, H. A. Gaspar, Helena; A. Varnek, G. Marcou, D. Horvath Mappability of drug-like space: towards a polypharmacologically competent map of drug-relevant compounds, *Accepted in J. Comp. Aided Mol. Design* 2015

# Condensed Graph of Reaction (CGR)

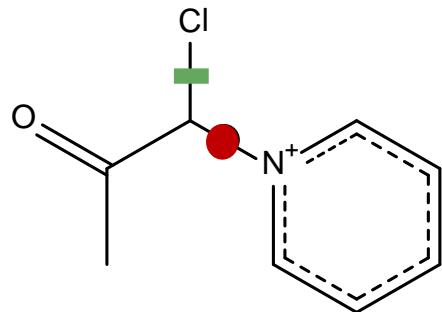
# Condensed Graph of Reaction



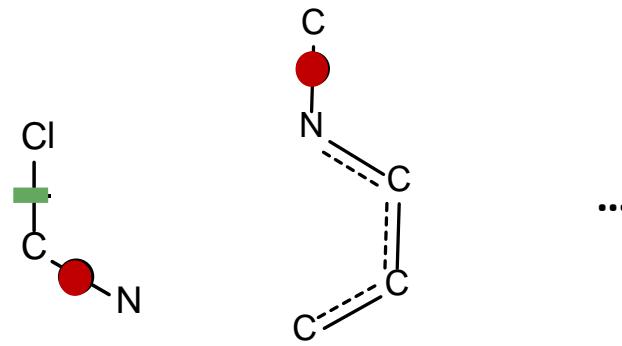
CGR: a pseudo-molecule representing a given reaction

# ISIDA/CGR fragment descriptors

## Condensed graph of reaction

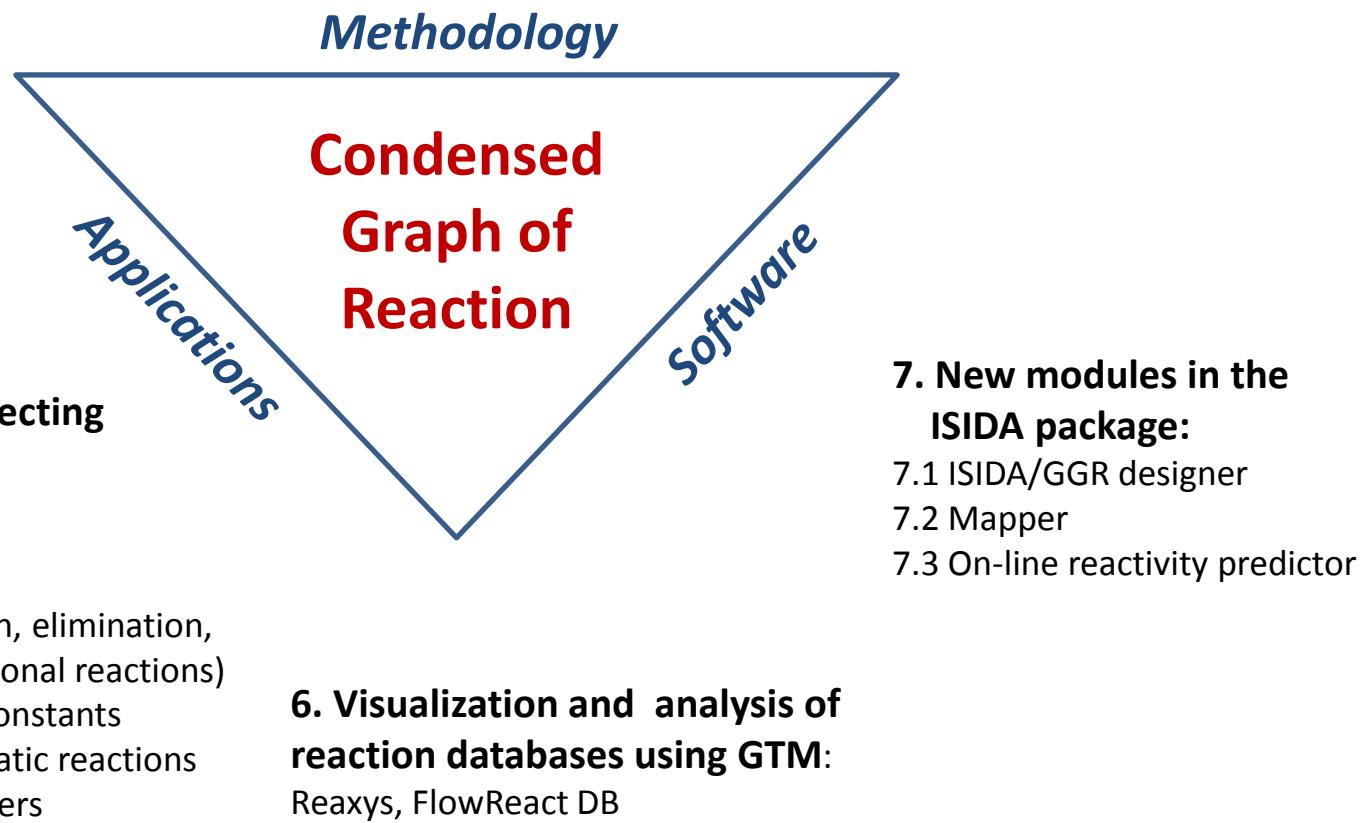


## ISIDA fragment descriptors



Reaction can be encoded by a descriptor vector which can be used in structure-reactivity modeling, similarity searching, clustering, etc

- 1. Automated processing of raw reaction data**
  - 1.1 Reaction data curation
  - 1.2 Atom-to-Atom Mapping
- 2. Structure-Reactivity modeling**
  - 2.1 Classification and regression models
  - 2.2 Similarity-based approach
- 3. Automated reactions classification**
  - 3.1 Data visualization and clustering
  - 3.2 Extraction of reaction signatures



## References

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